

National Fuel Gas Company Investor Presentation

November 2014

National Fuel Gas Company Safe Harbor For Forward Looking Statements

This presentation may contain "forward-looking statements" as defined by the Private Securities Litigation Reform Act of 1995, including statements regarding future prospects, plans, objectives, goals, projections, estimates of oil and gas quantities, strategies, future events or performance and underlying assumptions, capital structure, anticipated capital expenditures, completion of construction projects, projections for pension and other post-retirement benefit obligations, impacts of the adoption of new accounting rules, and possible outcomes of litigation or regulatory proceedings, as well as statements that are identified by the use of the words "anticipates," "estimates," "expects," "forecasts," "intends," "plans," "predicts," "projects," "believes," "seeks," "will," "may," and similar expressions. Forward-looking statements involve risks and uncertainties which could cause actual results or outcomes to differ materially from those expressed in the forward-looking statements. The Company's expectations, beliefs and projections are expressed in good faith and are believed by the Company to have a reasonable basis, but there can be no assurance that management's expectations, beliefs or projections will result or be achieved or accomplished.

In addition to other factors, the following are important factors that, in the view of the Company, could cause actual results to differ materially from those discussed in the forward-looking statements: factors affecting the Company's ability to successfully identify, drill for and produce economically viable natural gas and oil reserves, including among others geology, lease availability, title disputes, weather conditions, shortages, delays or unavailability of equipment and services required in drilling operations, insufficient gathering, processing and transportation capacity, the need to obtain governmental approvals and permits, and compliance with environmental laws and regulations; the cost and effects of legal and administrative claims against the Company or activist shareholder campaigns to effect changes at the Company; changes in laws, regulations or judicial interpretations to which the Company is subject, including those involving derivatives, taxes, safety, employment, climate change, other environmental matters, real property, and exploration and production activities such as hydraulic fracturing; governmental/regulatory actions, initiatives and proceedings, including those involving rate cases (which address, among other things, target rates of return, rate design and retained natural gas), environmental/safety requirements, affiliate relationships, industry structure, and franchise renewal; changes in the price of natural gas or oil; changes in price differentials between similar quantities of natural gas or oil sold at different geographic locations, and the effect of such changes on commodity production, revenues and demand for pipeline transportation capacity to or from such locations; other changes in price differentials between similar quantities of natural gas or oil having different quality, heating value, hydrocarbon mix or delivery date; impairments under the SEC's full cost ceiling test for natural gas and oil reserves; uncertainty of oil and gas reserve estimates; significant differences between the Company's projected and actual production levels for natural gas or oil; delays or changes in costs or plans with respect to Company projects or related projects of other companies, including difficulties or delays in obtaining necessary governmental approvals, permits or orders or in obtaining the cooperation of interconnecting facility operators; changes in demographic patterns and weather conditions; changes in the availability, price or accounting treatment of derivative financial instruments; financial and economic conditions, including the availability of credit, and occurrences affecting the Company's ability to obtain financing on acceptable terms for working capital, capital expenditures and other investments, including any downgrades in the Company's credit ratings and changes in interest rates and other capital market conditions; changes in economic conditions, including global, national or regional recessions, and their effect on the demand for, and customers' ability to pay for, the Company's products and services; the creditworthiness or performance of the Company's key suppliers, customers and counterparties; economic disruptions or uninsured losses resulting from major accidents, fires, severe weather, natural disasters, terrorist activities, acts of war, cyber attacks or pest infestation; significant differences between the Company's projected and actual capital expenditures and operating expenses; changes in laws, actuarial assumptions, the interest rate environment and the return on plan/trust assets related to the Company's pension and other post-retirement benefits, which can affect future funding obligations and costs and plan liabilities; increasing health care costs and the resulting effect on health insurance premiums and on the obligation to provide other post-retirement benefits; or increasing costs of insurance, changes in coverage and the ability to obtain insurance.

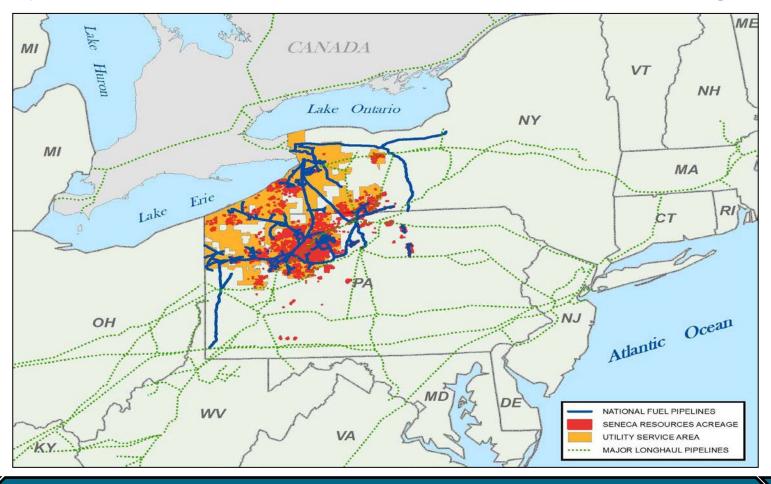
Forward-looking statements include estimates of oil and gas quantities. Proved oil and gas reserves are those quantities of oil and gas which, by analysis of geoscience and engineering data, can be estimated with reasonable certainty to be economically producible under existing economic conditions, operating methods and government regulations. Other estimates of oil and gas quantities, including estimates of probable reserves, possible reserves, and resource potential, are by their nature more speculative than estimates of proved reserves. Accordingly, estimates other than proved reserves are subject to substantially greater risk of being actually realized. Investors are urged to consider closely the disclosure in our Form 10-K available at www.nationalfuelgas.com. You can also obtain this form on the SEC's website at www.sec.gov.

For a discussion of the risks set forth above and other factors that could cause actual results to differ materially from results referred to in the forward-looking statements, see "Risk Factors" in the Company's Form 10-K for the fiscal year ended September 30, 2013 and the Forms 10-Q for the guarters ended December 31, 2013, March 31, 2014 and June 30, 2014. The Company disclaims any obligation to update any forward-looking statements to reflect events or circumstances after the date thereof or to reflect the occurrence of unanticipated events. 2

National Fuel



Quality Assets - Exceptional Location - Unique Integration



✓ 3 Million Bbls of Crude Oil Production⁽²⁾
 ✓ \$250 Million of Midstream Adjusted EBITDA⁽²⁾⁽³⁾

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(1) As of September 30, 2014

November 2014

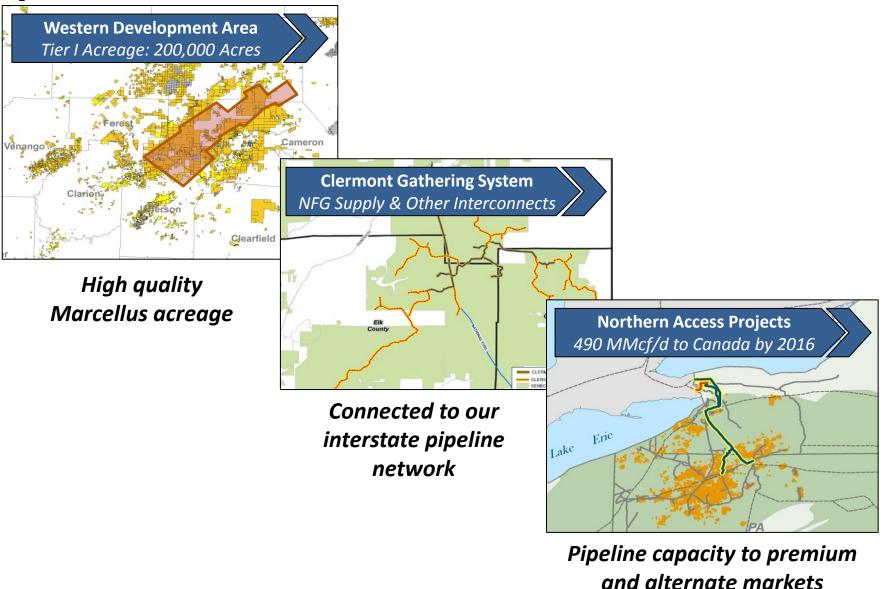
Corporate

(2) Fiscal year ended September 30, 2014. Midstream includes the Pipeline & Storage segment and Gathering segment.

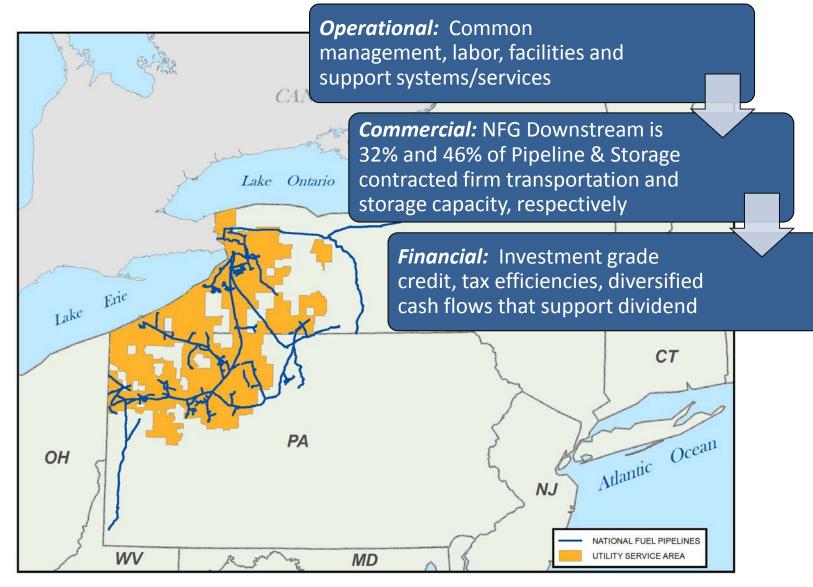
(3) A reconciliation of Adjusted EBITDA to Net Income is included at the end of this presentation.



Upstream and Midstream – Common Vision For Growth



Regulated Operations Provide Significant Synergies



<u>National Fuel°</u>

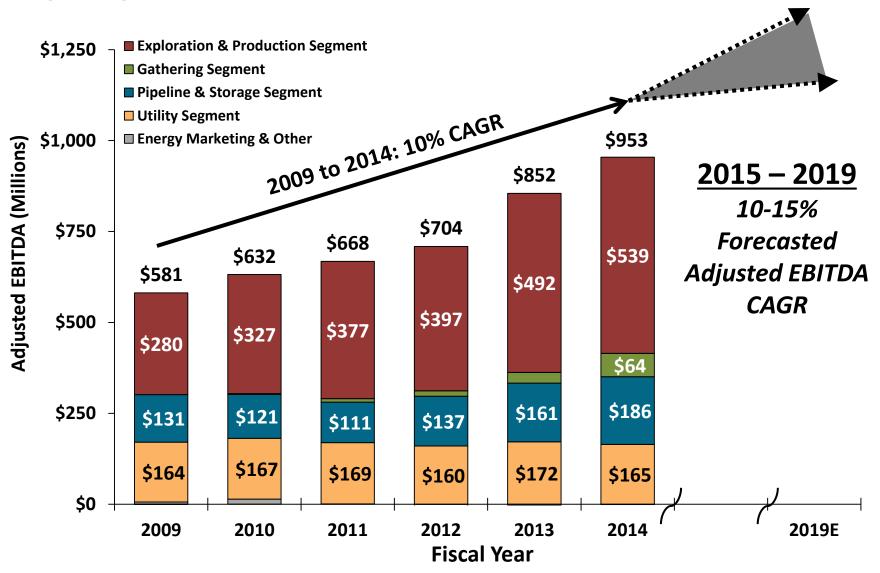


What Makes NFG Unique, Also Maximizes Value



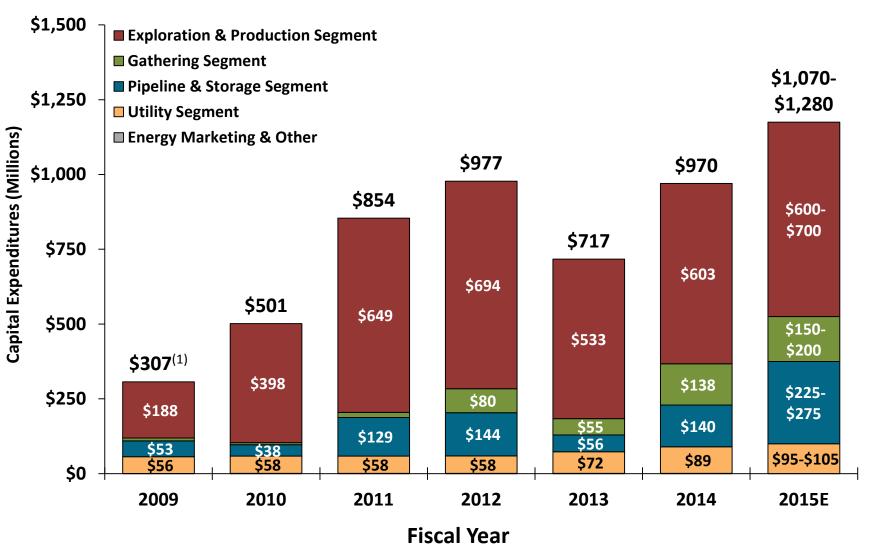


Targeting Sustained EBITDA Growth over the next Five Years





Capital Spending Adjusts to Capitalize on Opportunities

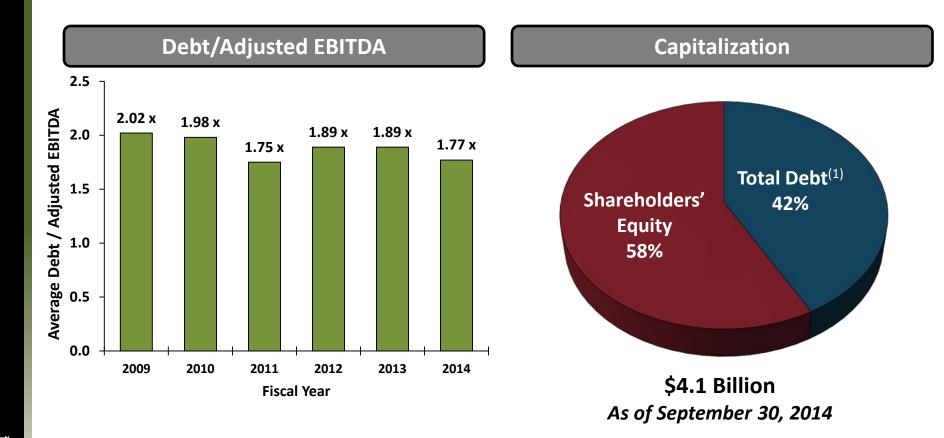


Note: A reconciliation to Capital Expenditures as presented on the Consolidated Statement of Cash Flows is included at the end of this presentation.

(1) Does not include the \$34.9 MM Seneca Resources Corporation's acquisition of Ivanhoe's U.S.-based assets in California, as this was accounted for as an investment in subsidiaries on the Statement of Cash Flows, and was not included in the Exploration & Production segment's Capital Expenditures.



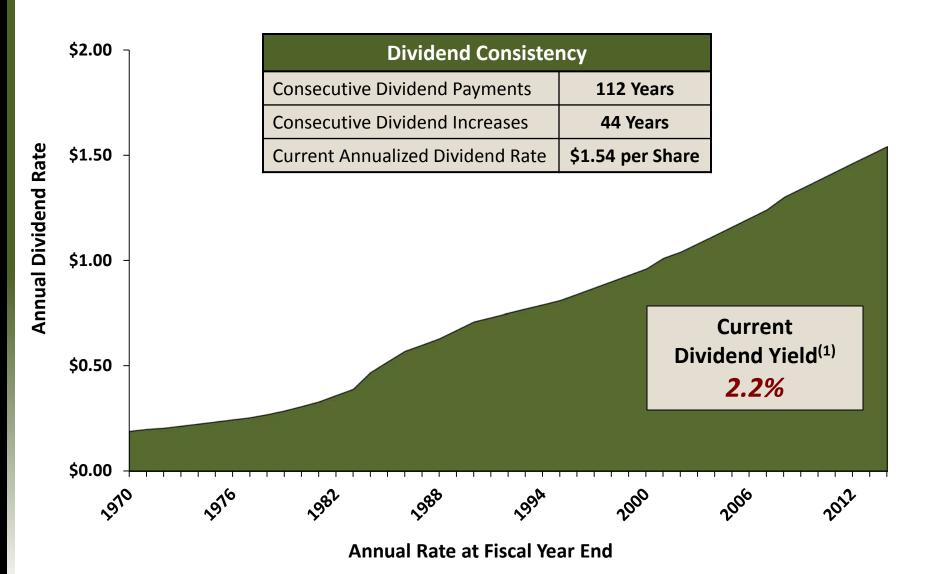
Maintaining a Strong Balance Sheet



Note: A reconciliation of Adjusted EBITDA to Net Income is included at the end of this presentation. (1) Long-term debt of \$1.649 billion and short-term debt of \$85.6 million



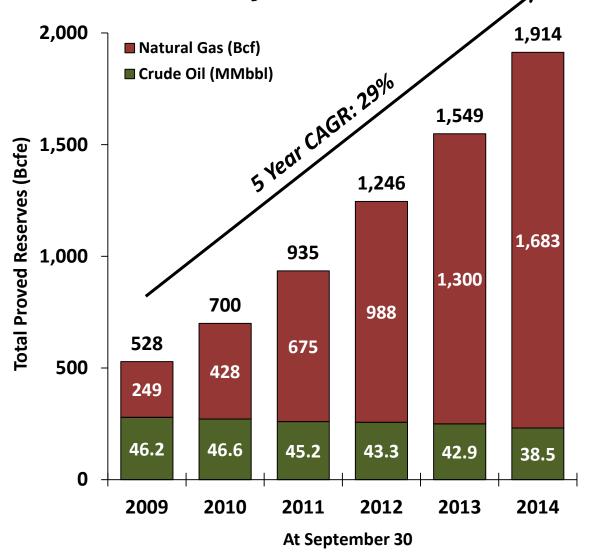
Dividend Track Record



Exploration & Production Overview



Proven Record of Growth

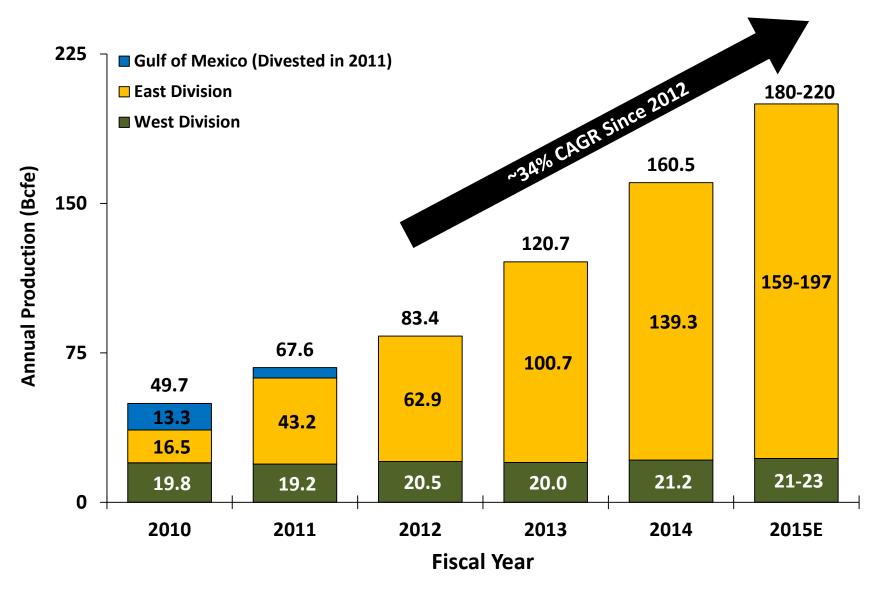




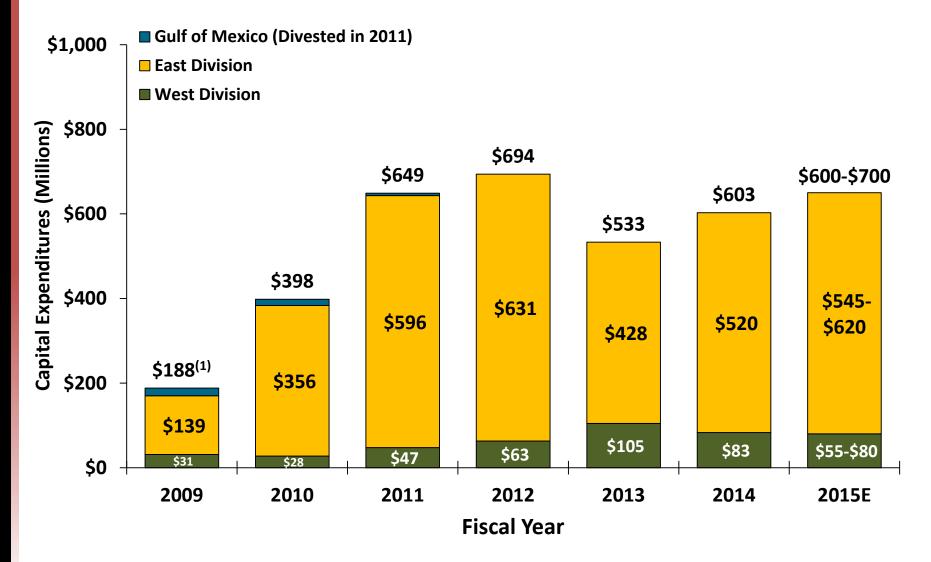
- ✓ 2014 F&D Cost = \$1.15
 ➢ Marcellus F&D: \$1.00
- ✓ 327% Reserve
 Replacement Rate
- ✓ 73% Proved Developed



Delivering Tremendous Production Growth



Disciplined Capital Spending





(1) Does not include the \$34.9 MM Seneca Resources Corporation's acquisition of Ivanhoe's U.S.-based assets in California, as this was accounted for as an investment in subsidiaries on the Statement of Cash Flows, and was not included in the Exploration & Production segment's Capital Expenditures.

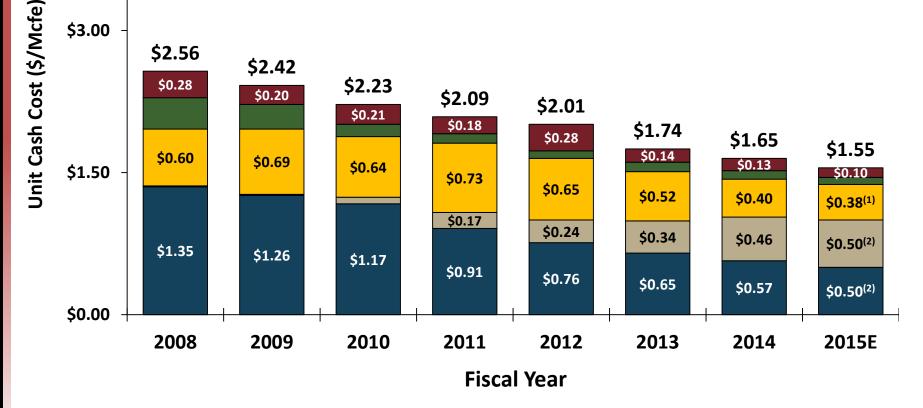


LOE: Operating Costs down; Transportation Costs up



- Other O&M Expense
- General & Administrative Expense
- Lease Operating & Transportation Expense (Gathering Only)
- Lease Operating & Transportation Expense (Excl. Gathering)

Seneca matches its long-term firm transport (FT) contracts with firm sales (FS) agreements, with the cost of transportation reflected in price realization. As such, it is not included in LOE.

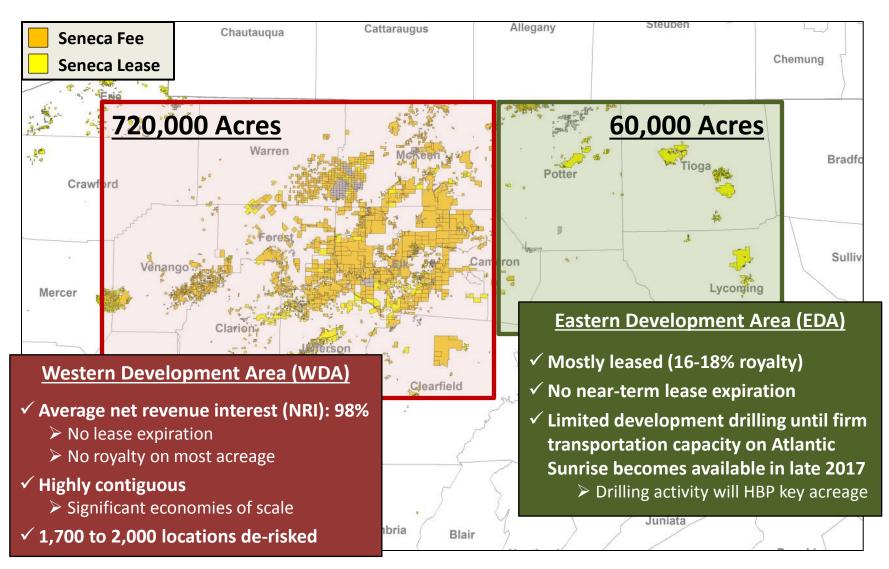


Upstream

(2) The total of the two LOE components represents the midpoint of current LOE guidance of \$0.95 to \$1.05 per Mcfe for fiscal 2015



Prolific Pennsylvania Acreage

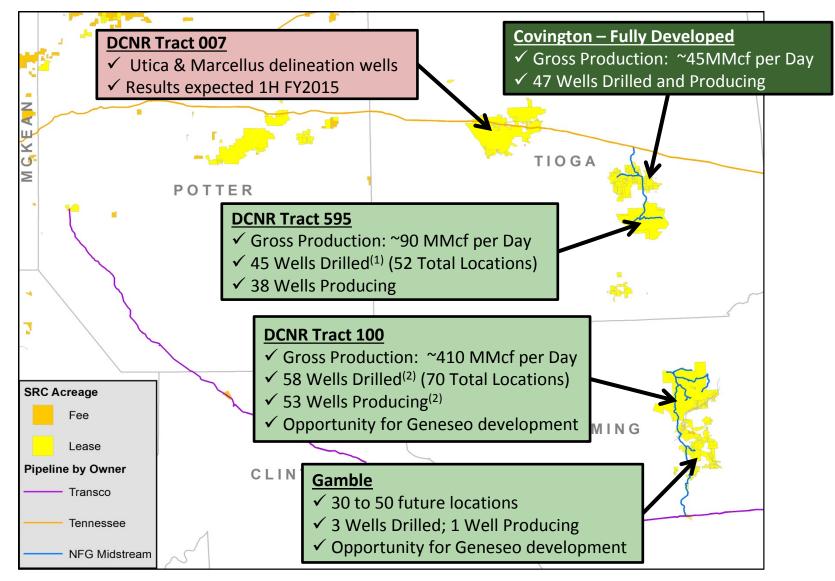


November 2014

Marcellus Shale



EDA Delivering Significant Growth



(1) One well included in this total is drilled into the Geneseo Shale

(2) One well included in this total is drilled into and producing from the Geneseo Shale



EDA – Historical Well Results are Exceptional

Development Area	Producing Well Count	Average IP Rate (MMcf/d)	Average 7-Day (MMcf/d)	Average 30-Day (MMcf/d)	Average EUR per Well (Bcf)	Average Lateral Length	EUR per 1,000' of Lateral (Bcfe)
Covington Tioga County	47	5.2	4.7	4.1	5.8	4,023'	1.44
Tract 595 Tioga County	38	7.2	6.0	5.2	8.0	4,716'	1.70
Tract 100 Lycoming County	52 ⁽¹⁾	17.0	14.9	12.7	12.6	5,304'	2.38

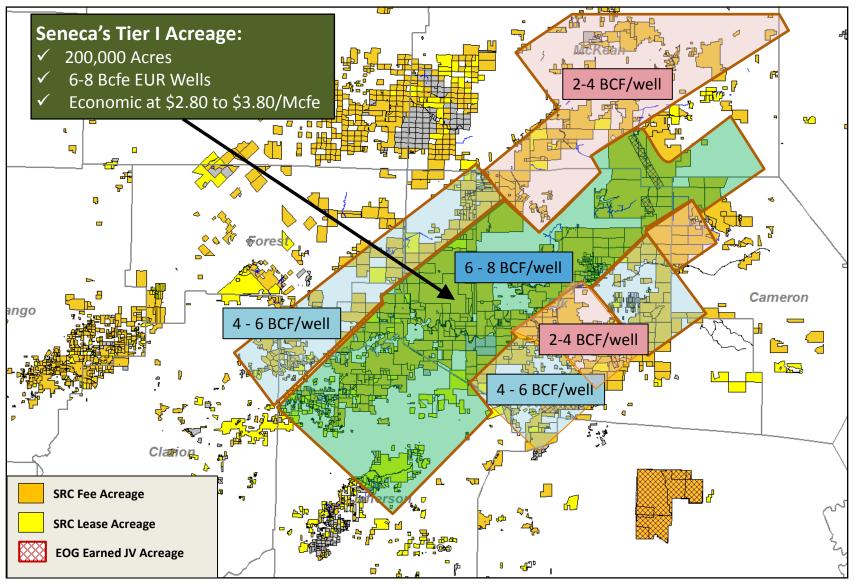
Upstream

2014

November



Focusing on WDA Development





Strong Wells Currently Producing Across WDA Acreage

WDA Development Areas:

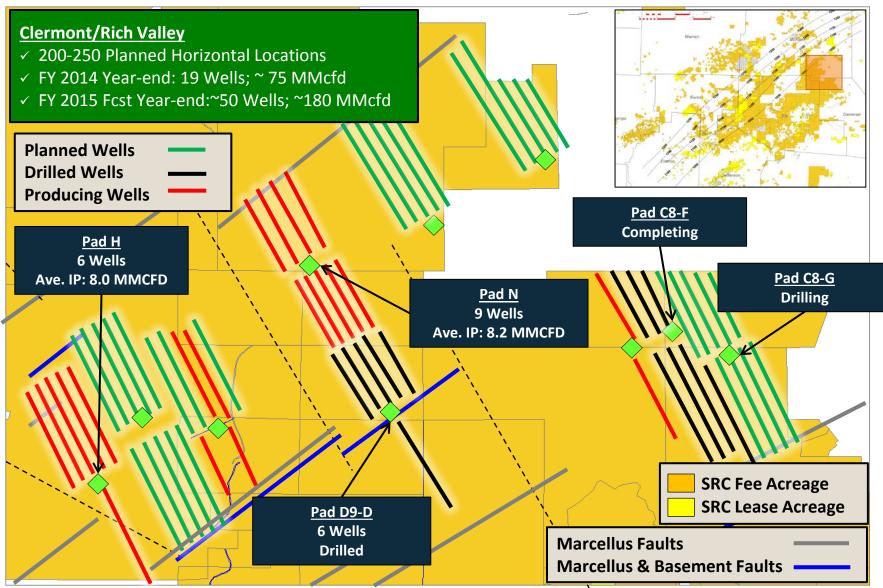
Area	Producing Well Count	Peak 24-Hour Rate (MMcfd)	Average 7-Day (MMcf/d)	Average Treatable Lateral Length
Clermont/Rich Valley Elk, Cameron & McKean counties	19	8.1	7.2	5,710′

WDA Delineation Areas:

Area	Producing Well Count	Peak 24-Hour Rate (MMcfd)	Average 7-Day (MMcf/d)	Average Treatable Lateral Length
Ridgway Elk County	1	7.1	6.4	5,537'
Church Run Elk & Jefferson counties	2	4.8	4.5	4,690'
Owl's Nest Elk & Forest counties	1	6.1	5.8	6,137'
Sulger Farms Jefferson County	1	6.1	5.6	5,778'



Clermont / Rich Valley (CRV) Area



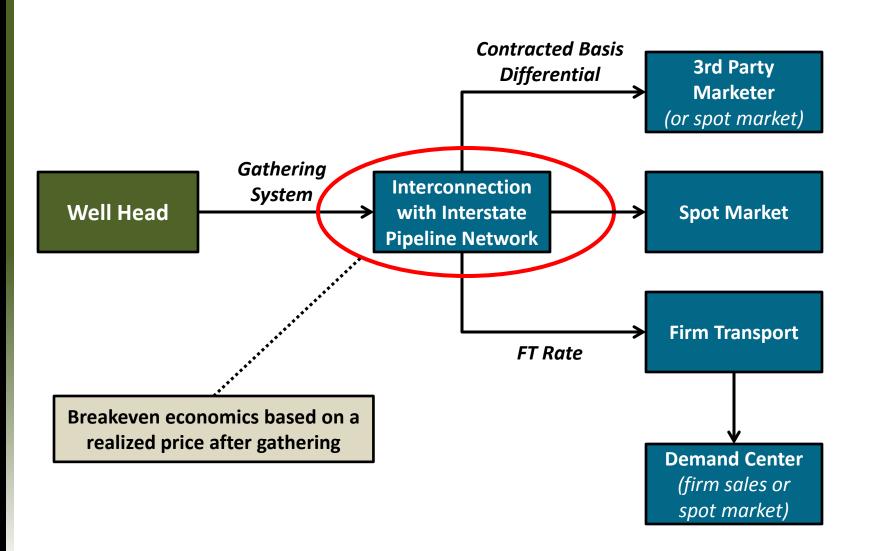
Clermont/Rich Valley Example

(\$/Mcf)	Typical Producer 15% Royalty	The Seneca Advantage 0% Royalty
Average Net Realized Price	(\$3.27)	(\$2.80)
Less: Cash Operating Expenses	(0.65)	(0.65)
Less: Royalty Payment	<u>(0.47)</u>	<u>(0.00)</u>
Cash Margin	<u>\$ 2.15</u>	<u>\$ 2.15</u>
Before Tax IRR ⁽¹⁾	15%	15%

In Clermont/Rich Valley, a typical producer burdened by a 15% royalty would require a <u>\$0.47 higher net realized price</u> to achieve same level of economics as Seneca Resources



How Does Seneca Sell its Production?



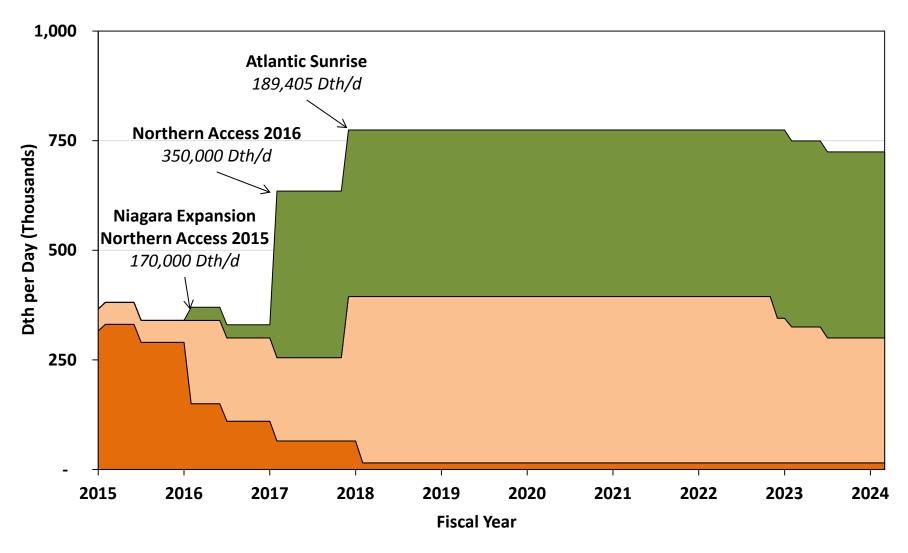


Adding Long-Term Firm Transport to the Portfolio

	In-			FT Capacity (Dth/day)				
Project (Counterparty)	Service Date	Contract Term	Delivery Market	Fiscal 2015	Fiscal 2016	Fiscal 2017	Fiscal 2018	Matched Firm Sales
Northeast Supply Diversification Project (TGP)	Nov. 2012	15 years	Canada	50,000	50,000	50,000	50,000	Executed Contracts 50,000 Dth/d for 10 years
Niagara Expansion/ TETCO (TGP/ NFG/TETCO)	Nov. 2015	15 years	Canada/ TETCO		170,000	170,000	170,000	Executed Contracts 140,000 Dth/d for 15 years
Northern Access 2016 (NFG/ TransCanada/ Union)	Nov. 2016	15 years	Canada			350,000	350,000	Evaluating marketing opportunities
Atlantic Sunrise (Transco)	Nov. 2017	15 years	Mid- Atlantic/ Southeast				189,405	Executed Contracts 189,405 Dth/d for first 5 years ⁽¹⁾
Total Firm Transportation Capacity			50,000	220,000	570,000	759,405		



Significant Base of Long-Term Firm Contracts



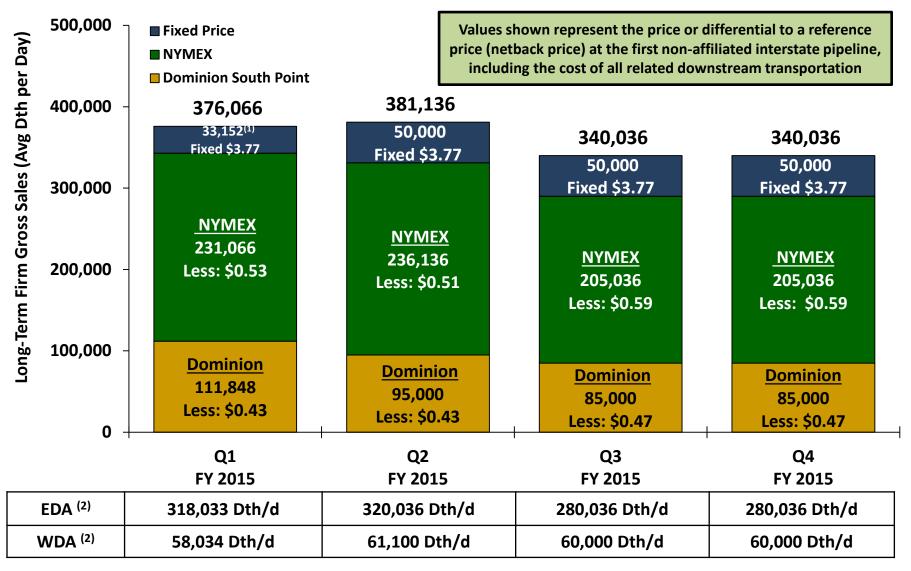
Base Firm Sales Contracts
Firm Sales Matched to Firm Transport Capacity
Additional Firm Transport Capacity

November 2014

(2)

Natural Gas Marketing

Firm Sales Provide a Market for Appalachian Production



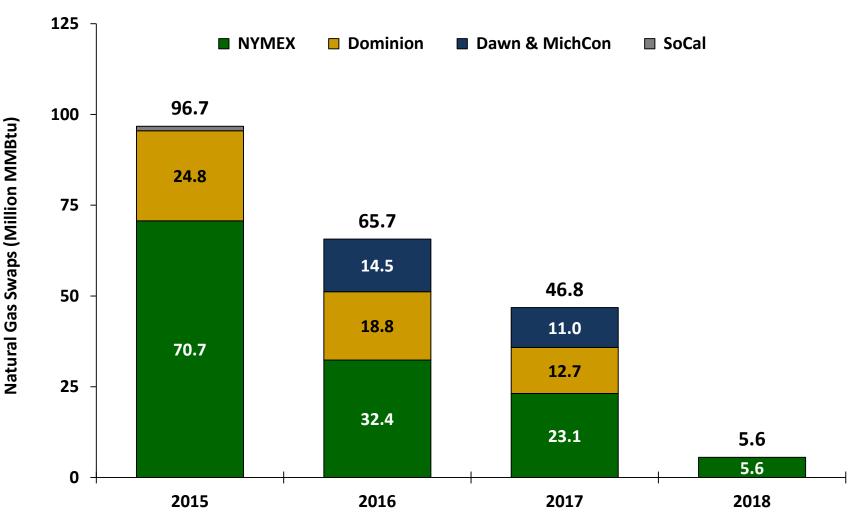
(1) Fixed price sales contracts totaling 50,000 Dth/day at an average fixed price of \$3.77 per Dth starting November 2014 through October 2017

EDA and WDA carry an average net revenue interest (NRI) of 82% - 84% and 98%, respectively

National Fuel°

<u>National Fuel</u>*

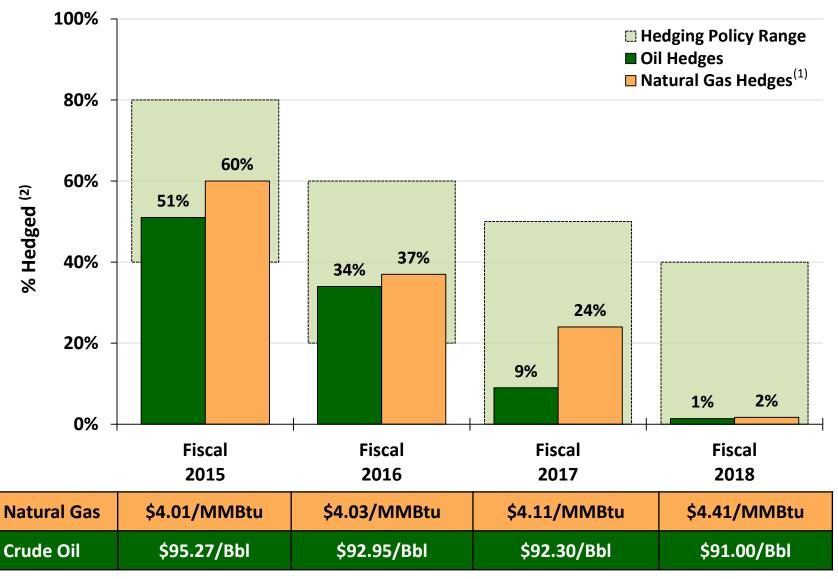
Current Natural Gas Hedge Positions







Current Hedge Book has Seneca Positioned Very Well



(1)

Natural gas hedges include fixed price firm sales

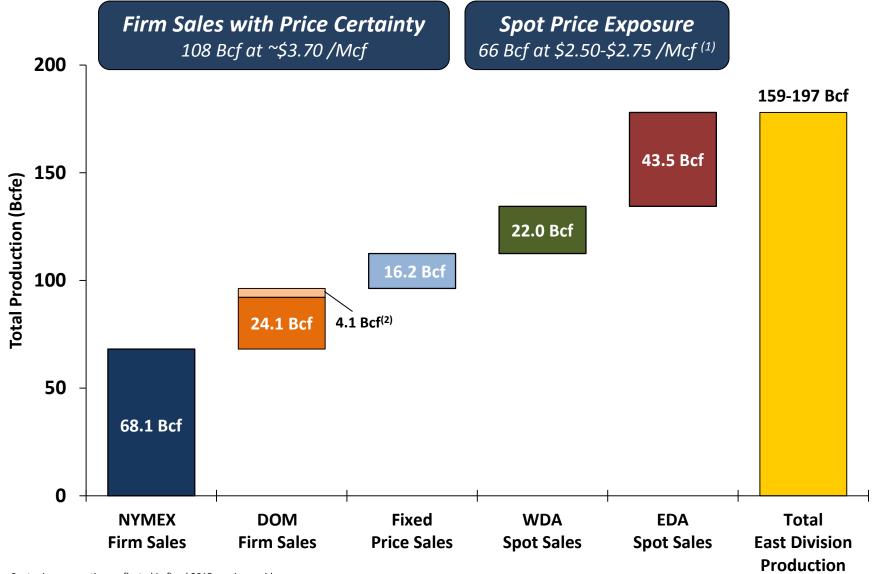
(2) Hedge positions reflect the midpoint of Seneca's target annual production growth (20%) starting with the midpoint of Fiscal 2015 guidance (180-220 Bcfe)

November 2014

Natural Gas Marketing



FY 2015 Production – Firm Sales & Hedge Composition

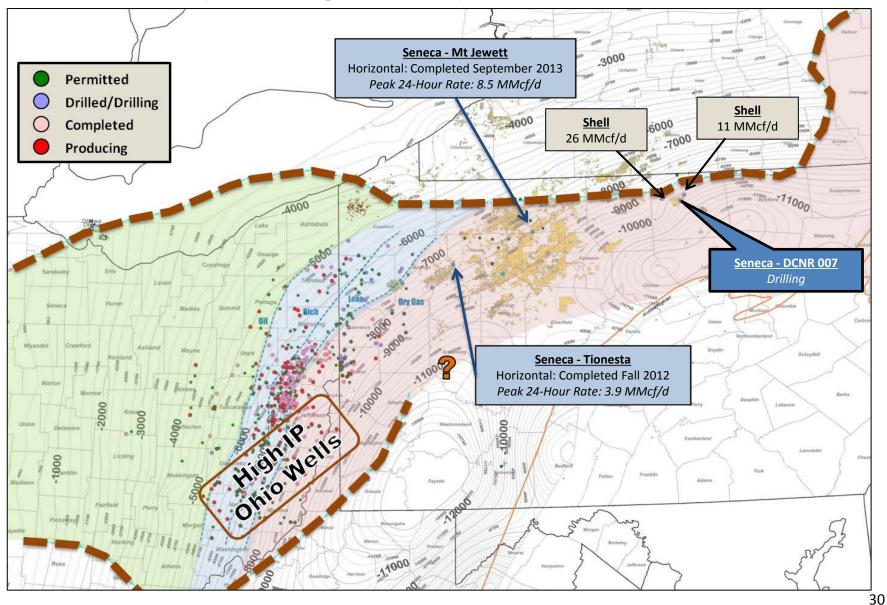


(2) Dominion based firm sales contracts without a matching Dominion financial hedge

Utica Shale

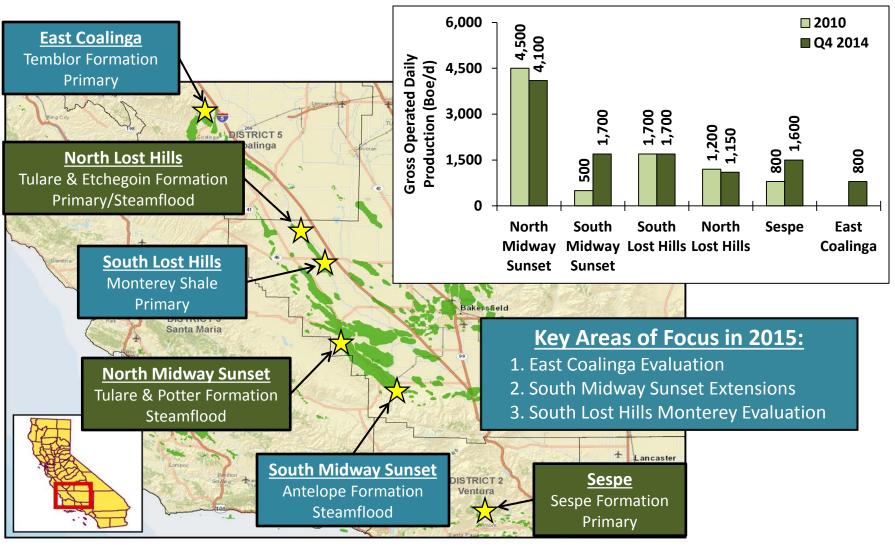


Seneca Activity in Tioga County





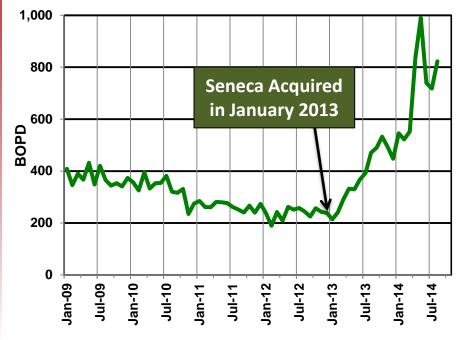
Stable Production Fields; Modest Growth Potential

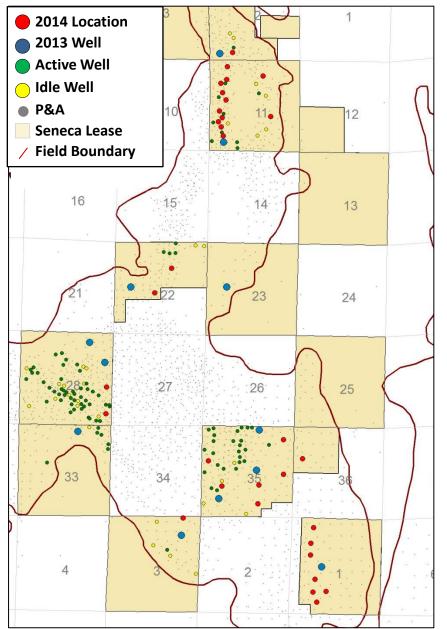


Upstream

East Coalinga Summary

- Production has increased from 214 BOPD to 800 BOPD
 - Highest on leases since 2000
- Drilled 12 evaluation wells in 2013
 - Producing ~150 BOPD
- Drilled 31 new producers and 1 water disposal well in 2014. Currently have 27 of the new producers on line.

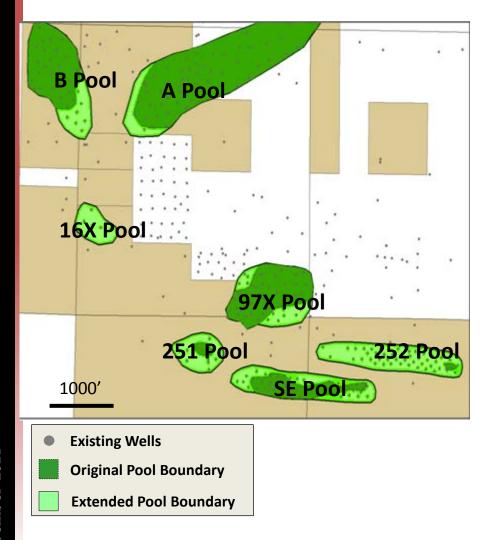


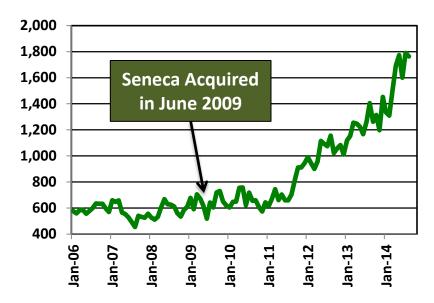


National Fuel°



South Midway Sunset Has Delivered Significant Growth





Highlights Since Acquisition

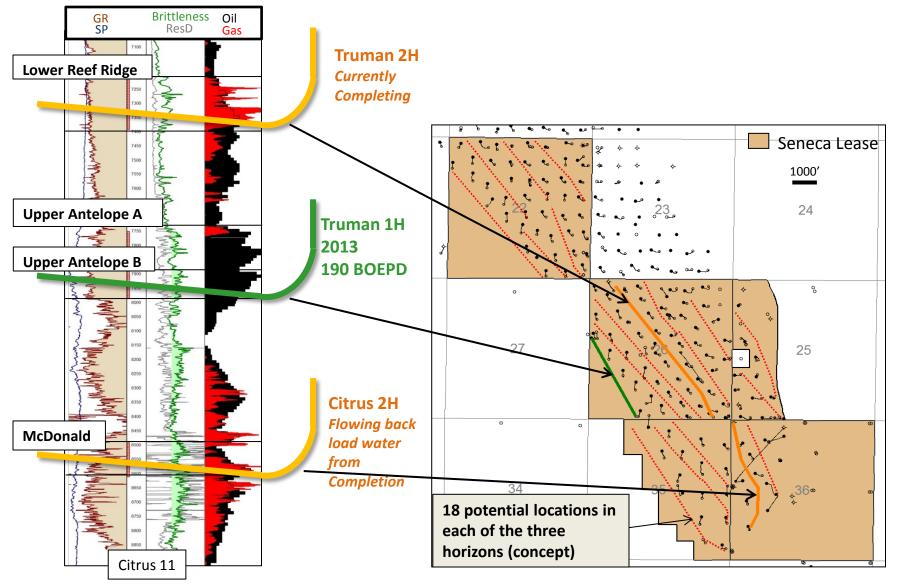
- Increased daily production 310% to approximately 1,700 BOPD
- Drilled 102 new producers
- Added 3.3 MMBO of proven reserves
- Increased steam capacity by 280%
- Identified opportunities for additional pool development

Upstream

33



Evaluating the Monterey Shale at South Lost Hills



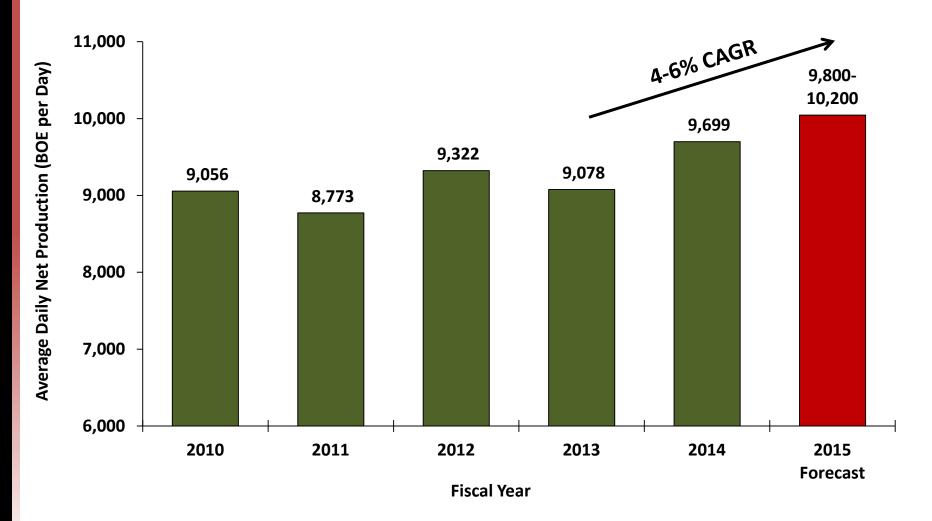


Modest Growth Opportunities, But Strong Economics

Field	Average Well Cost	Average EUR (MBO)	Estimated IRR @\$85/Bbl	Fiscal 2015 Locations
North Midway Sunset	\$300,000	32	59%	29
South Midway Sunset	\$300,000	38	96%	42
East Coalinga	\$580,000	35	30%	25



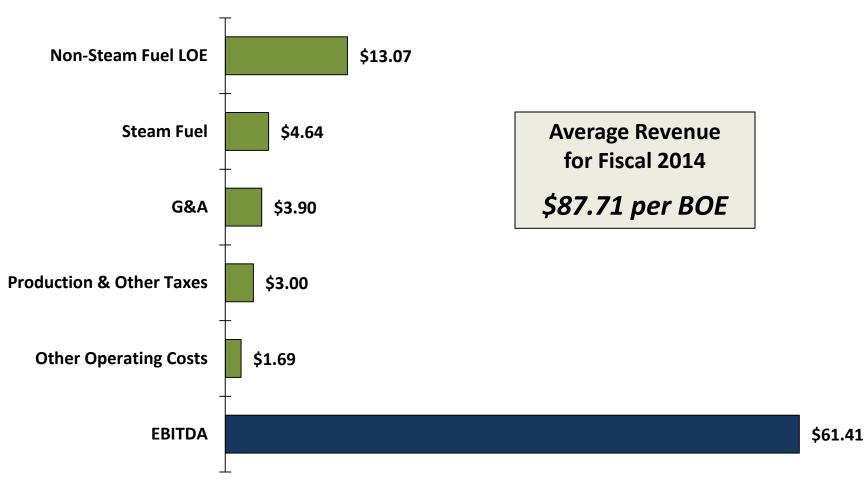
Modest Growth Anticipated in 2015





Strong Margins Support Significant Free Cash Flow

Fiscal Year 2014 EBITDA per BOE



Upstream

Seneca Resources



What Will Seneca Look Like Moving Forward?

Consistent Production Growth: 15-25% CAGR

Driven by a very large, high-quality Appalachian acreage position

Disciplined Spending Driven by Firm

Pace of development adapts to changing market dynamics

Maintain Oil Production → Expand When Possible

Excellent operator and significant cash flow generation

A Leader in Technology, Safety & Environmental Responsibility

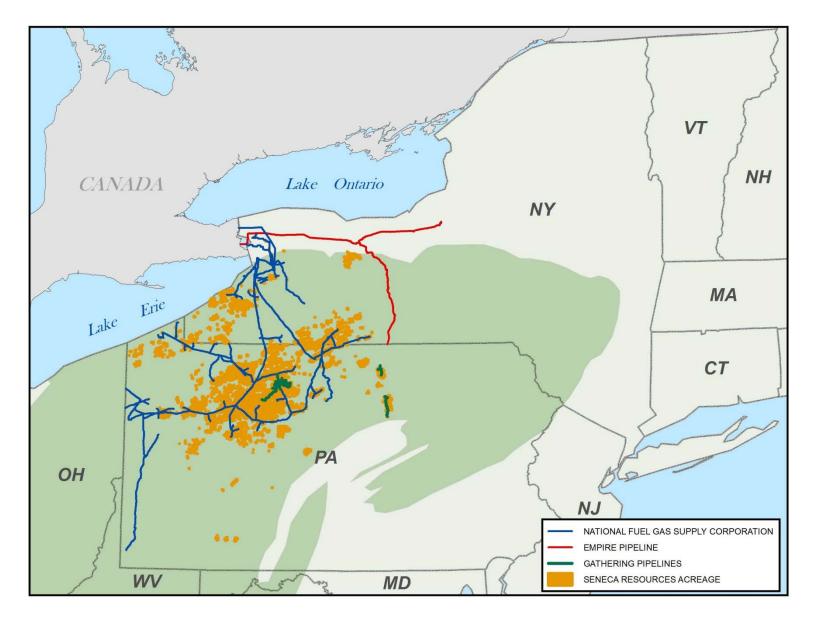
Maintain a leadership role in using technology and developing best practices

Midstream Businesses Overview

Midstream Businesses



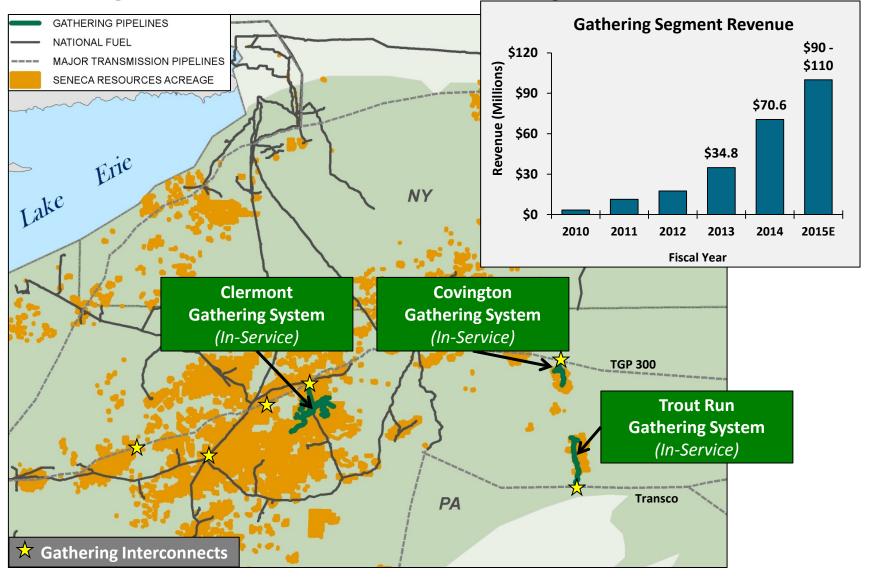
Positioned to Serve Rapidly Growing Production in Appalachia



Gathering



Gathering is the First Step to Reaching a Market



Gathering



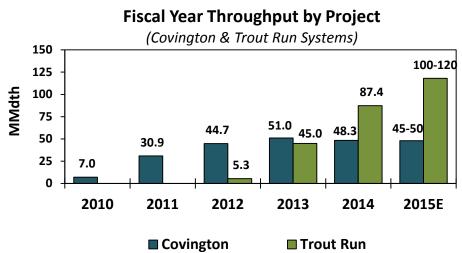
Gathering Systems Supporting Seneca's EDA Production

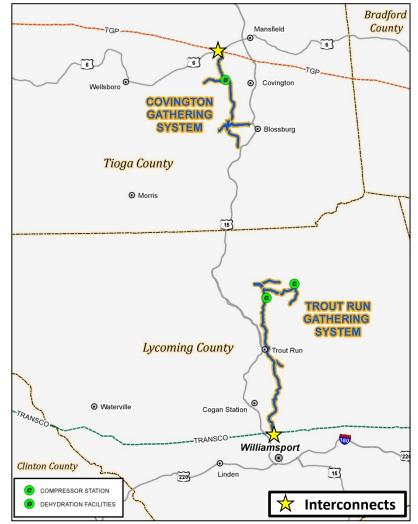
Covington Gathering System

- In-Service Date: November 2009
- Capacity: 220,000 Dth per day
- Interconnect: TGP 300
- Capital Expenditures (to date): \$32 Million

Trout Run Gathering System

- In-Service Date: May 2012
- Capacity: 466,000 to 585,000 Dth per day
- Interconnect: Transco Leidy Lateral
- Capital Expenditures (to date): \$162 Million
- Capital Expenditures (future): \$30 to \$70 Million

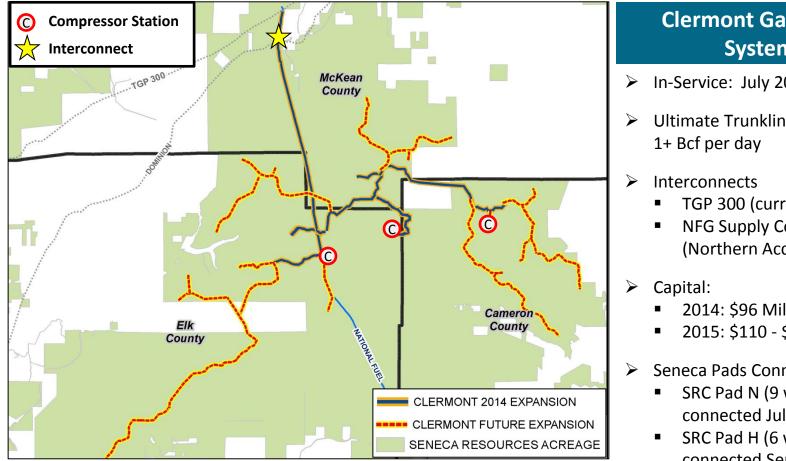




Gathering



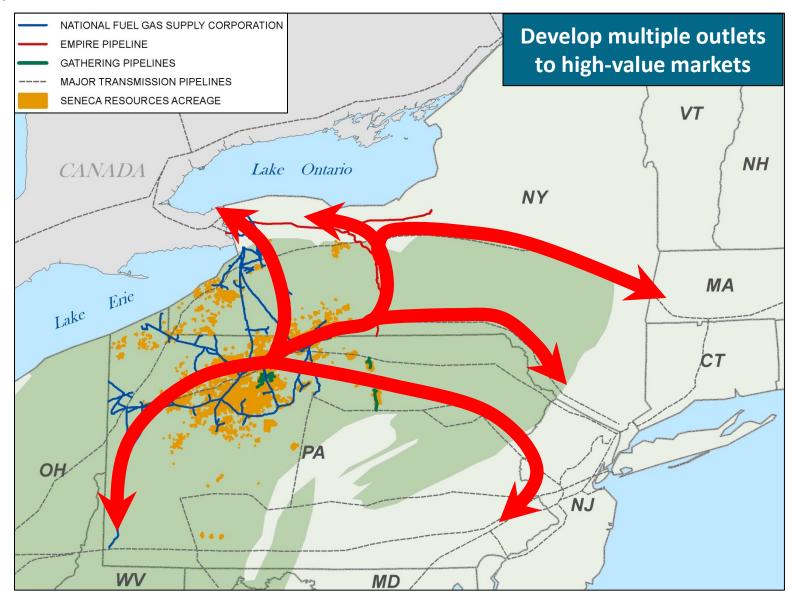
Clermont Gathering System has Large Expandability



- **Clermont Gathering System**
- In-Service: July 2014
- **Ultimate Trunkline Capacity:**
 - TGP 300 (current)
 - **NFG Supply Corporation** (Northern Access 2016)
 - 2014: \$96 Million
 - 2015: \$110 \$160 Million
- Seneca Pads Connected
 - SRC Pad N (9 wells) connected July 2014
 - SRC Pad H (6 wells) connected September 2014
 - Up to 25 pads connected following the 2015 expansion

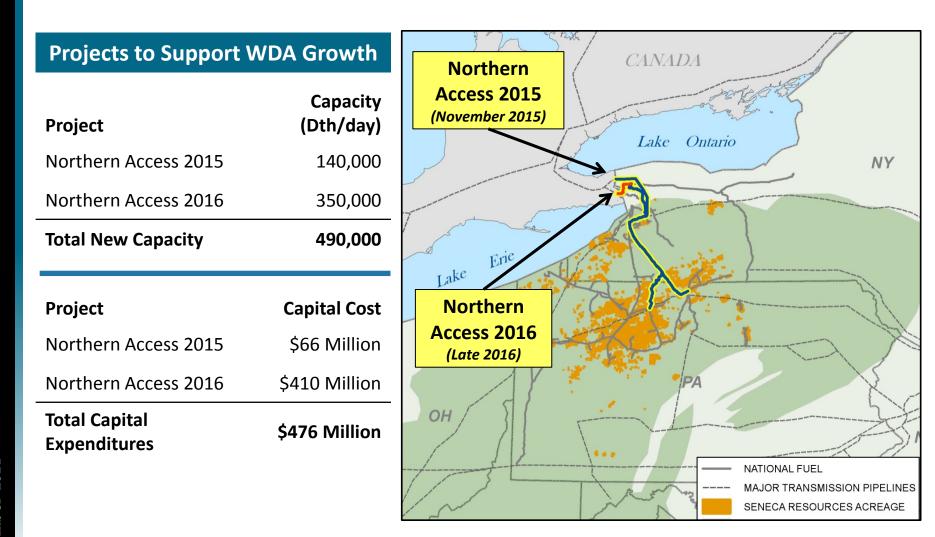


Project Opportunities to Support Appalachian Growth





Expansions to Move Gas from the WDA Are Significant

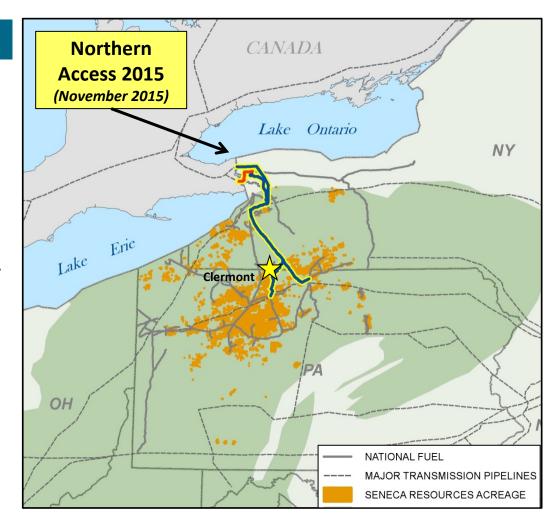




Major Expansion Designed for Canadian Deliveries

Northern Access 2015

- Customer: Seneca Resources
- In-Service: November 2015
- System: NFG Supply Corp.
- Capacity: 140,000 Dth per day
 - Lease to TGP as part of their Niagara Expansion project
- Interconnect
 - Niagara (TransCanada)
- Total Cost: \$66 Million
- > Major Facilities
 - 23,000 HP Compression

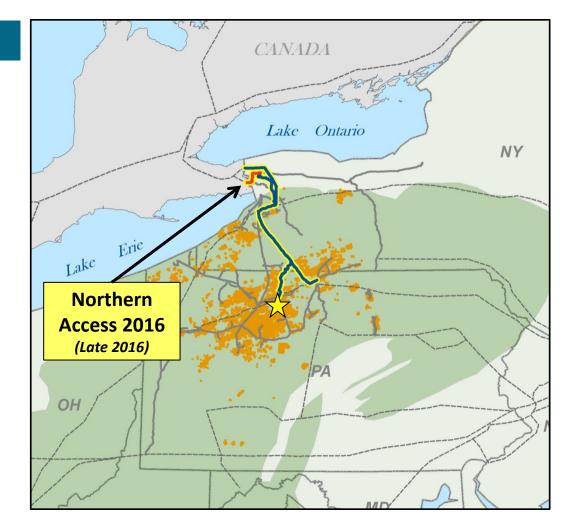




Northern Access 2016 Provides Additional Access to Canada

Northern Access 2016

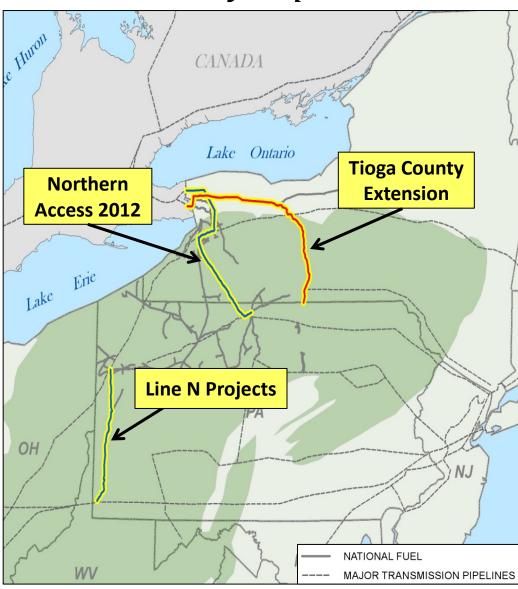
- Customer: Seneca Resources
- In-Service: Late 2016
- System: NFG Supply Corp. & Empire Pipeline, Inc.
- Capacity
 - 350,000 Dth per day
- Interconnect
 - Chippawa (TransCanada)
- Total Cost: ~\$410 Million
- FERC Timing
 - Pre-filing: July 2014
 - Certificate filing: anticipated Q2 FY2015





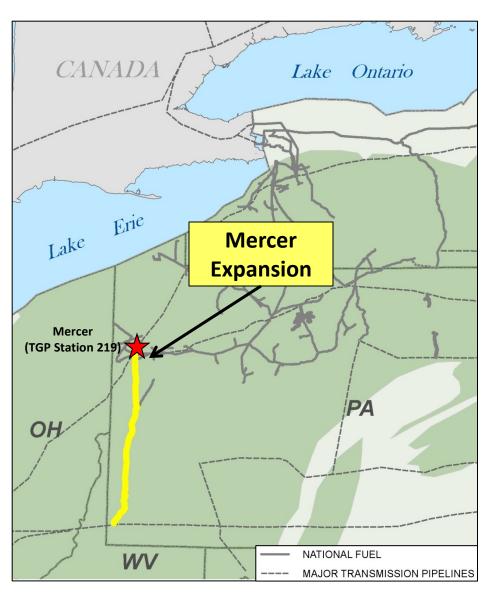
Recent 3rd Party Expansions Have Been Highly Successful

-



U	-									
Completed Expansions for 3 rd Parties										
Capacity (Dth/day)										
Northern Access 2012	320,000									
Tioga County Extension	350,000									
Line N (2011, 2012 & 2013)	353,000									
Total New Capacity	1,023,000									
Capital Cost (\$Millions)										
Northern Access 2012	\$72									
Tioga County Extension	\$58									
Line N (2011, 2012 & 2013)	\$ 104									
Total Capital Expenditures	\$234									
Annual Reservation Charges (\$Millions)										
Northern Access 2012	\$ 14.5									
Tioga County Extension	\$ 41.9									
Line N (2011, 2012 & 2013)	\$ 16.0									
Total Reservation Charges	\$ 72.4									

Pipeline & Storage Additional Line N Expansions



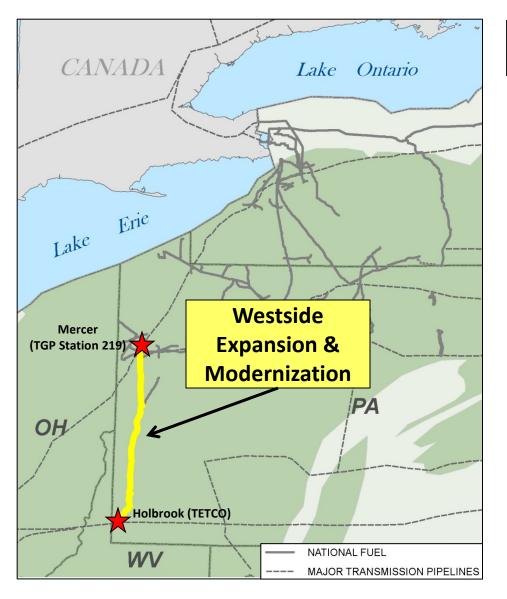
national Fuel

Mercer Expansion

- Customer: Third Party
- Placed in-service November 1, 2014
- System: NFG Supply Corp.
- Capacity: 105,000 Dth per day
 - Precedent agreements signed for all available capacity
- Interconnect
 - Mercer (TGP Station 219)
- Total Cost: \$34 Million
 - Expansion: \$30 Million
 - System Modernization: \$4 Million
- Major Facilities
 - 3,550 HP Compressor
 - 2.1 miles 24" Replacement Pipeline



Pairing Line N Expansions with System Modernization



Westside Expansion & Modernization

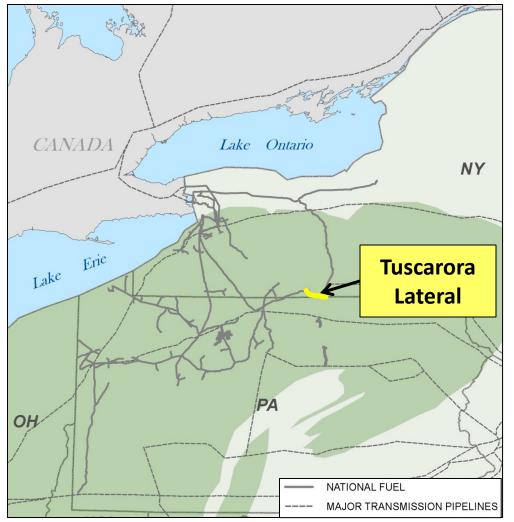
- Customer: Third Party
- In-Service: November 2015
- System: NFG Supply Corp.
- Capacity: 175,000 Dth per day
 - Precedent agreements signed for all available capacity
- Interconnect
 - Mercer (TGP Station 219)
 - Holbrook (TETCO)
- Total Cost: \$76 Million
 - Expansion: \$39 Million
 - Modernization: \$37 Million
- Major Facilities
 - 3,550 HP Compressor
 - 23.3 miles 24" Replacement Pipeline



Developing Unique Solutions for Shippers

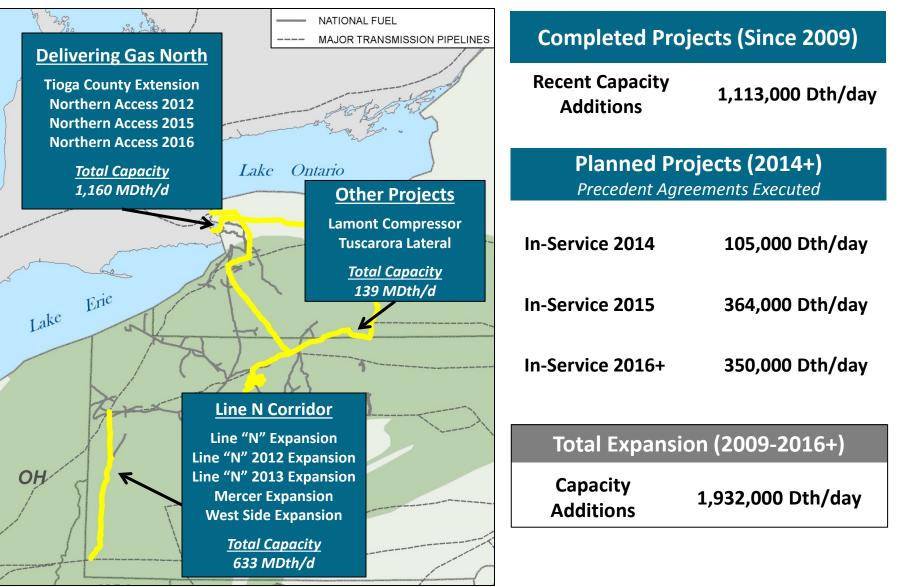
Tuscarora Lateral

- In-Service: November 2015
- System: NFG Supply & Empire Pipeline
- New No-Notice Services
 - Precedent agreements executed with RG&E, NYSEG & NFG Utility
 - Preserving 172,500 Dth per day (RG&E)
 - Preserving 20,000 Dth per day (NYSEG)
 - Retained Storage: 3.3 Bcf
 - New incremental transportation capacity of 49,000 Dth per day
- Interconnect
 - Tuscarora (NFG/Supply)
- Total Cost: \$45 Million
- Major Facilities
 - 1,500 HP Compressor
 - 17 miles 12"/16" Pipeline





Significant Expansions Are Driving Growth

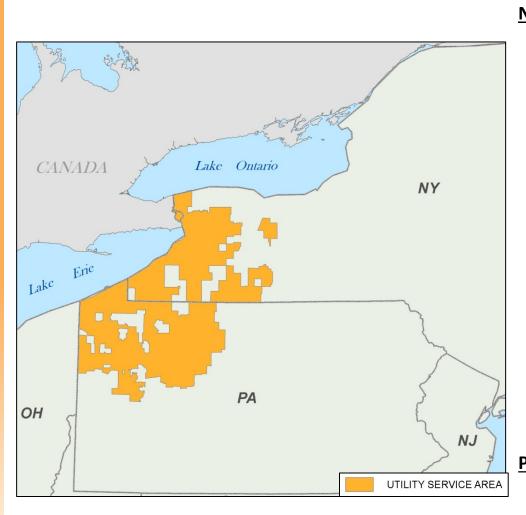


Utility Overview

Utility



New York & Pennsylvania Service Territories



- New York
 - Total Customers: 524,300
 - Rate Mechanisms:
 - ✓ Revenue Decoupling
 - ✓ Weather Normalization
 - ✓ Low Income Rates
 - Merchant Function Charge (Uncollectibles Adjustment)
 - ✓ 90/10 Sharing (Large Customers)

NY PSC Rate Case Settlement, May 2014

- ✓ Rates Unchanged
- ✓ 9.1% ROE Confirmed
- ✓ 2-Tier Earnings Sharing Mechanism
 - ✓ 9.5% to 10.5% Share 50%
 - ✓ 10.5% > Share 80%
- ✓ \$8.2 MM CapEx system replacement
- ✓ \$8.0 MM incremental O&M (postretirement benefits)
- Natural Gas Vehicle Pilot Program

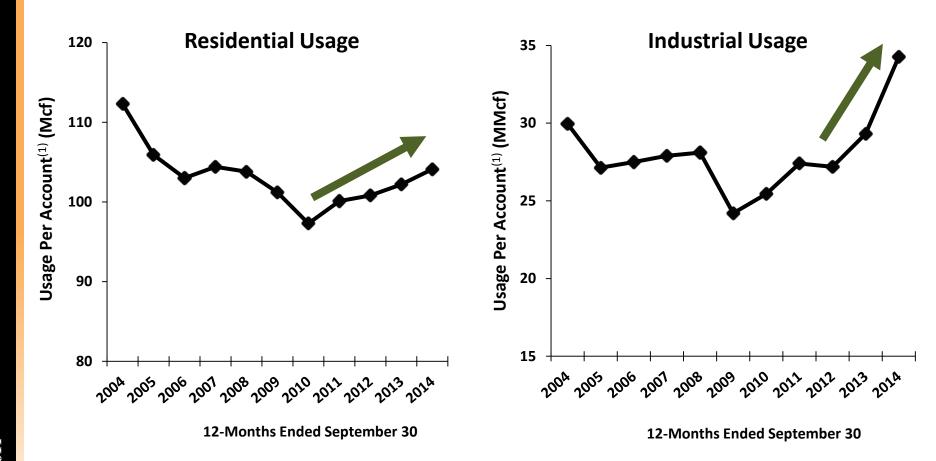
Pennsylvania

- Total Customers: 213,500
- Rate Mechanisms:
 - ✓ Low Income Rates
 - ✓ Merchant Function Charge
- > ROE: Black Box Settlement (2007)

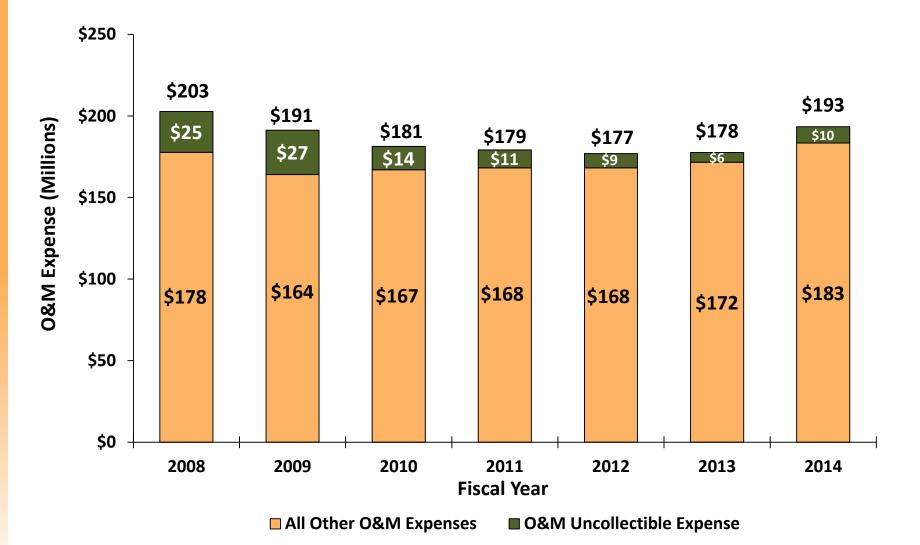
Downstream

Utility *Shifting Trends in Customer Usage*





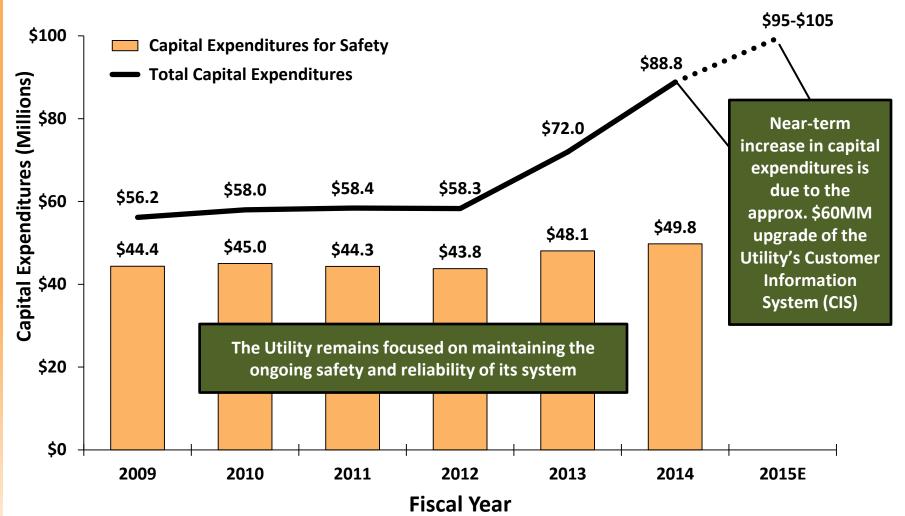
Utility *A Proven History of Controlling Costs*



National Fuel°

Utility *Strong Commitment to Safety*



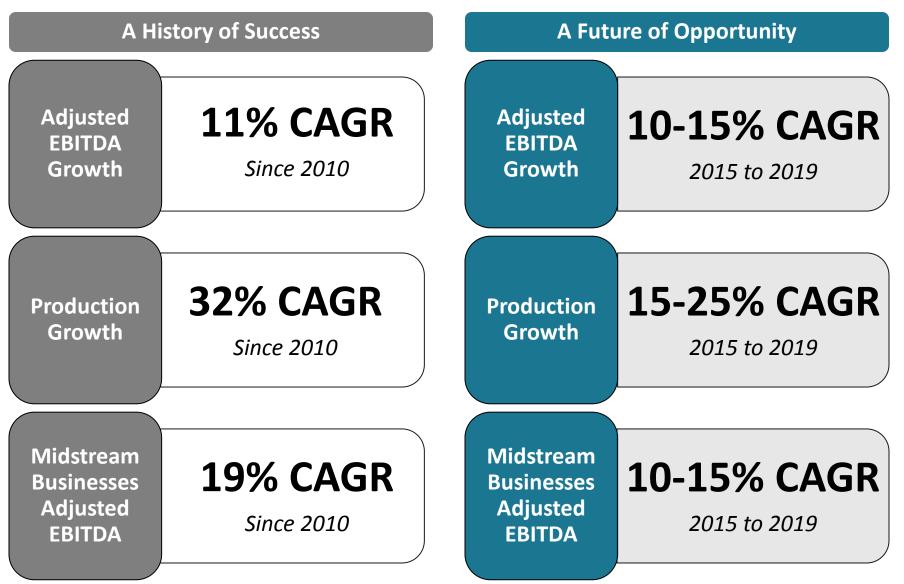


2014

November

National Fuel Gas Company

A History of Success & A Future of Opportunity



Note: A reconciliation of Adjusted EBITDA to Net Income as presented on the Consolidated Statement of Income and Earnings is included at the end of this presentation.

National Fuel°

Appendix

National Fuel Gas Company Natural Gas Hedge Positions

national Fuel

(Volumes in thousands Mmbtu; Prices in \$/Mmbtu)

	Fiscal	2015	Fiscal	2016	Fiscal	2017	Fiscal 2018			
	Volume	Avg. Price	Volume	Avg. Price	Volume	Avg. Price	Volume	Avg. Price		
NYMEX Swaps	70,690	\$4.16	32,350	\$4.24	23,130	\$4.50	5,550	\$4.59		
Dominion Swaps	24,840	\$3.74	18,840	\$3.78	12,720	\$3.87	-	-		
SoCal Swaps	1,200	\$4.35	-	-	-	-	-	-		
MichCon Swaps	-	-	9,000	\$4.10	3,000	\$4.10	-	-		
Dawn Swaps	-	-	5,490	\$4.36	7,950	\$4.14	-	-		
Fixed Price Physical Sales	16,700	\$3.77	18,300	\$3.77	18,250	\$3.77	1,550	\$3.77		
Total	113,430	\$4.01	83,980	\$4.03	65,050	\$4.11	7,100	\$4.41		

National Fuel Gas Company



Crude Oil Hedge Positions

(Volumes & Prices in Bbl)

	Fiscal 2	2015	Fiscal 2	2016	Fiscal	2017	Fiscal 2018			
	Volume	Avg. Price	Volume	Avg. Price	Volume	Avg. Price	Volume	Avg. Price		
Midway Sunset (MWSS) Swaps	258,000	\$92.10	36,000	\$92.10	-	-	-	-		
Brent Swaps	903,000	\$98.42	933,000	\$95.18	384,000	\$92.30	75,000	\$91.00		
NYMEX Swaps	396,000	\$90.14	300,000	\$86.09	-	-	-	-		
Total	1,557,000	\$95.27	1,269,000	\$92.95	384,000	\$92.30	75,000	\$91.00		

Marcellus Shale



Position Offers Attractive Economics at \$2.00 to \$3.80/Mcfe

Prospect	County	Product	Approx. Remaining Locations	EUR (Bcfe)	BTU	IRR ⁽¹⁾ @ \$4/MMBtu	15% IRR ⁽¹⁾ Breakeven Price (\$/Mcf)		
EASTERN DEVELOPMEN	IT AREA (EDA)								
Tract 100	Lycoming	Dry Gas	18	11.5-12.5	1,030	90%	\$1.92		
Gamble	Lycoming	Dry Gas	29	10-11	1,030	77%	\$2.05		
Tract 595	Tioga	Dry Gas	14	8.1	1,030	45%	\$2.63		
Covington	Tioga	Dry Gas	Developed	5.8	1,030	22%	\$3.49		
WESTERN DEVELOPMENT AREA (WDA)									
Clermont/Rich Valley	Elk/Cameron	Dry Gas	213	6-8	1,050	38%	\$2.80		
Ridgway	Elk	Dry Gas	450-570	6-8	1,111	26%	\$3.30		
Hemlock	Elk	Dry Gas	130-170	6-8	1,070	23%	\$3.40		
Church Run	Elk	Dry Gas	60-70	6-8	1,125	22%	\$3.45		
(W) West Branch	McKean	Dry Gas	47	6-8	1,050	22%	\$3.48		
Heath	Jefferson	Dry Gas	260-330	5-8	1,060	19%	\$3.65		
Sulger Farms	Jefferson	Dry Gas	170-210	5-8	1,020	19%	\$3.66		
Owl's Nest/James City	Elk/Forest	Dry Gas	120-160	5-8	1,125	18%	\$3.69		
Boone Mt.	Elk	Dry Gas	230-290	4-6	1,020	18%	\$3.76		
Church Run	Elk	Wet Gas	40-50	2-4	1,140	13%	\$4.32		
Tionesta	Forest/Venango	Wet Gas/ Liquids	300-340	4-6	1,325	12%	\$4.50		
Owl's Nest/James City	Elk/Forest	Wet Gas	150-180	4-6	1,140	11%	\$4.51		
Mt. Jewett	McKean	Wet Gas	90-110	2-4	1,140	6%	\$5.50		
Beechwood	Cameron	Dry Gas	210-280	2-4	1,030	2%	\$7.14		
Red Hill	Cameron	Dry Gas	150-200	2-4	1,030	2%	\$7.14		

(1) Internal Rate of Return (IRR) includes estimated well costs under current cost structure, LOE, and Gathering tariffs anticipated for each prospect.

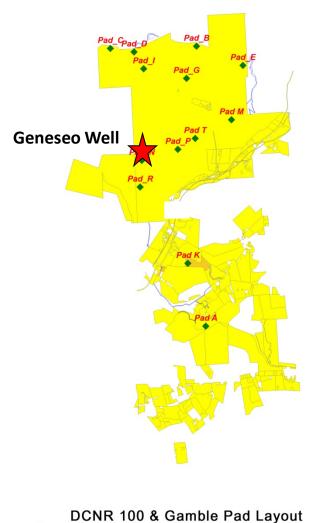
Geneseo Shale



Path to Geneseo Development – 2018/2019 Start

- 1st Well (Tract 100 Pad N)
 - Peak IP: 14.1 MMcf per day
 - 30-Day Average Rate: 8.6 MMcf per day
 - Estimated EUR: 7.0 Bcf
 - Lateral Length: 4,920'
 - Frac Stages: 33 stages
- Current developed infrastructure from DCNR 100 & Gamble:
 - 13 well pads
 - 3 compressor pads
 - 3 water impoundments
 - Gathering infrastructure
- Savings estimate of ~\$300,000 per well from shared infrastructure
 - >125 Wells
 - Water Infrastructure = \$13MM
 - Usable Pads = \$16MM
 - Road Infrastructure = \$16MM

Tract 100/Gamble (Lycoming County)



National Fuel Gas Company



Comparable GAAP Financial Measure Slides and Reconciliations

This presentation contains certain non-GAAP financial measures. For pages that contain non-GAAP financial measures, pages containing the most directly comparable GAAP financial measures and reconciliations are provided in the slides that follow.

The Company believes that its non-GAAP financial measures are useful to investors because they provide an alternative method for assessing the Company's ongoing operating results, for measuring the Company's cash flow and liquidity, and for comparing the Company's financial performance to other companies. The Company's management uses these non-GAAP financial measures for the same purpose, and for planning and forecasting purposes. The presentation of non-GAAP financial measures is not meant to be a substitute for financial measures prepared in accordance with GAAP.

The Company defines Adjusted EBITDA as reported GAAP earnings before the following items: interest expense, depreciation, depletion and amortization, interest and other income, impairments, items impacting comparability and income taxes.

Reconciliation of Adjusted EBITDA to Consolidated Net Income

(\$ Thousands)

		FY 2009		FY 2010		FY 2011	 FY 2012		FY 2013		FY 2014
Exploration & Production - West Division Adjusted EBITDA	\$	171,572	\$	187,838	\$	187,603	\$ 226,897	\$	215,042	\$	217,150
Exploration & Production - All Other Divisions Adjusted EBITDA		108,139		139,624		189,854	 170,232		277,341		322,322
Total Exploration & Production Adjusted EBITDA	\$	279,711	\$	327,462	\$	377,457	\$ 397,129	\$	492,383	\$	539,472
Total Adjusted EBITDA											
Exploration & Production Adjusted EBITDA	\$	279,711	\$	327,462	\$	377,457	\$ 397,129	\$	492,383	\$	539,472
Pipeline & Storage Adjusted EBITDA		130,857		120,858		111,474	136,914		161,226		186,022
Gathering Adjusted EBITDA		(141)		2,021		9,386	14,814		29,777		64,060
Utility Adjusted EBITDA		164,443		167,328		168,540	159,986		171,669		164,643
Energy Marketing Adjusted EBITDA		11,589		13,573		13,178	5,945		6,963		10,335
Corporate & All Other Adjusted EBITDA		(5,434)		408		(12,346)	(10,674)		(9,920)		(11,078)
Total Adjusted EBITDA	\$	581,025	\$	631,650	\$	667,689	\$ 704,114	\$	852,098	\$	953,454
Total Adjusted EBITDA	\$	581,025	\$	631,650	\$	667,689	\$ 704,114	\$	852,098	\$	953,454
Minus: Net Interest Expense		(81,013)		(90,217)		(75,205)	(82,551)		(89,776)		(90,107)
Plus: Other Income		9,762		6,126		5,947	5,133		4,697		9,461
Minus: Income Tax Expense		(52,859)		(137,227)		(164,381)	(150,554)		(172,758)		(189,614)
Minus: Depreciation, Depletion & Amortization		(170,620)		(191,199)		(226,527)	(271,530)		(326,760)		(383,781)
Minus: Impairment of Oil and Gas Properties (E&P)		(182,811)		-		-	-		-		-
Plus/Minus: Income/(Loss) from Discontinued Operations, Net of Tax (Corp. & All Other)		(2,776)		6,780		-	-		-		-
Plus: Gain on Sale of Unconsolidated Subsidiaries (Corp. & All Other)		-		-		50,879	-		-		-
Plus: Elimination of Other Post-Retirement Regulatory Liability (P&S)		-		-		-	21,672		-		-
Minus: Pennsylvania Impact Fee Related to Prior Fiscal Years (E&P)		-		-		-	(6,206)		-		-
Minus: New York Regulatory Adjustment (Utility)		-		-		-	-		(7,500)		-
Minus: Plugging and Abandonment Accrual (E&P)		-		-		-	-		-		-
Rounding		-		-		-	(1)		-		-
Consolidated Net Income	\$	100,708	\$	225,913	\$	258,402	\$ 220,077	\$	260,001	\$	299,413
Consolidated Debt to Total Adjusted EBITDA											
Long-Term Debt, Net of Current Portion (End of Period)	\$	1,249,000	\$	1,049,000	\$	899,000	\$ 1,149,000	\$	1,649,000	\$	1,649,000
Current Portion of Long-Term Debt (End of Period)		-		200,000		150,000	250,000		-		-
Notes Payable to Banks and Commercial Paper (End of Period)		-		-		40,000	171,000		-		85,600
Total Debt (End of Period)	\$	1,249,000	\$	1,249,000	\$	1,089,000	\$ 1,570,000	\$	1,649,000	\$	1,734,600
Long-Term Debt, Net of Current Portion (Start of Period)	•	999,000	•	1,249,000	•	1,049,000	899,000	•	1,149,000	•	1,649,000
Current Portion of Long-Term Debt (Start of Period)		100,000		,,		200,000	150,000		250,000		-
Notes Payable to Banks and Commercial Paper (Start of Period)		-		-		-	40,000		171,000		-
Total Debt (Start of Period)	\$	1,099,000	\$	1,249,000	\$	1,249,000	\$ 1,089,000	\$	1,570,000	\$	1,649,000
Average Total Debt	\$	1,174,000	\$	1,249,000	\$	1,169,000	\$ 1,329,500	\$	1,609,500	\$	1,691,800
Average Total Debt to Total Adjusted EBITDA		2.02 x		1.98 x		1.75 x	1.89 x		1.89 x		1.77 x



Reconciliation of Segment Capital Expenditures to Consolidated Capital Expenditures

(\$ Thousands)

(\$ mousanus)	F	Y 2009	F	-Y 2010	1	FY 2011	F	FY 2012		FY 2013	1	FY 2014		FY 2015 Forecast
Capital Expenditures from Continuing Operations														
Exploration & Production Capital Expenditures	\$	188,290	\$	398,174	\$	648,815	\$	693,810	\$	533,129	\$	602,705	\$60	0,000-700,000
Pipeline & Storage Capital Expenditures		52,504		37,894		129,206		144,167	\$	56,144	\$	139,821	\$22	5,000-275,000
Gathering Segment Capital Expenditures		9,433		6,538		17,021		80,012	\$	54,792	\$	137,799	\$125	0,000-200,000
Utility Capital Expenditures		56,178		57,973		58,398		58,284	\$	-	\$	88,810		5,000-105,000
Energy Marketing, Corporate & All Other Capital Expenditures		396		773		746		1,121	\$	1,062	\$	772		-
Total Capital Expenditures from Continuing Operations	\$	306,801	\$	501,352	\$	854,186	\$	977,394		717,097			\$1,070,	000-1,238,000
Capital Expenditures from Discountinued Operations														
All Other Capital Expenditures		216	\$	150	\$	-	\$	-	\$		\$	-	\$	-
Plus (Minus) Accrued Capital Expenditures														
Exploration & Production FY 2014 Accrued Capital Expenditures	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	(80,108)		
Exploration & Production FY 2013 Accrued Capital Expenditures		-		-		-		-		(58,478)		58,478		-
Exploration & Production FY 2012 Accrued Capital Expenditures		-		-		-		(38,861)		38,861		-		-
Exploration & Production FY 2011 Accrued Capital Expenditures		-		-		(103,287)		103,287		-		-		-
Exploration & Production FY 2010 Accrued Capital Expenditures		-		(78,633)		78,633		-		-		-		-
Exploration & Production FY 2009 Accrued Capital Expenditures		(9,093)		19,517		-		-		-		-		-
Pipeline & Storage FY 2014 Accrued Capital Expenditures		-		-		-		-		-		(28,122)		
Pipeline & Storage FY 2013 Accrued Capital Expenditures		-		-		-		-		(5,633)		5,633		-
Pipeline & Storage FY 2012 Accrued Capital Expenditures		-		-		-		(12,699)		12,699		-		-
Pipeline & Storage FY 2011 Accrued Capital Expenditures		-		-		(16,431)		16,431		-		-		-
Pipeline & Storage FY 2010 Accrued Capital Expenditures		-		-		3,681		-		-		-		-
Pipeline & Storage FY 2008 Accrued Capital Expenditures		16,768		-		-		-		-		-		-
Gathering FY 2014 Accrued Capital Expenditures		-		-		-		-		-		(20,084)		
Gathering FY 2013 Accrued Capital Expenditures		-		-		-		-		(6,700)		6,700		-
Gathering FY 2012 Accrued Capital Expenditures		-		-		-		(12,690)		12,690		-		-
Gathering FY 2011 Accrued Capital Expenditures		-		-		(3,079)		3,079		-		-		-
Gathering FY 2009 Accrued Capital Expenditures		(715)		715		-		-		-		-		-
Utility FY 2014 Accrued Capital Expenditures		-		-		-		-		-		(8,315)		
Utility FY 2013 Accrued Capital Expenditures		-		-		-		-		(10,328)		10,328		-
Utility FY 2012 Accrued Capital Expenditures		-		-		-		(3,253)		3,253		-		-
Utility FY 2011 Accrued Capital Expenditures		-		-		(2,319)		2,319		-		-		-
Utility FY 2010 Accrued Capital Expenditures		-		-		2,894		-		-		-		-
Total Accrued Capital Expenditures	\$	6,960	\$	(58,401)	\$	(39,908)	\$	57,613	\$	(13,636)	\$	(55,490)	\$	-
Eliminations	\$	(344)	\$		\$		\$		\$	-	\$		\$	-
Total Capital Expenditures per Statement of Cash Flows		313,633		443,101		814,278	_	,035,007	-	703,461	-	914,417		000-1,238,000